## Amendments to the Claims:

Please amend claims 27 and 37 and cancel claim 36. This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application:

## **Listing of Claims:**

## Claims 1-16 (canceled)

- 17. (withdrawn) An enzyme bioreactor comprising a murine Fuc-TVII enzyme, a GDP-fucose donor substrate and a sialyl-N-acetyl-lactosamine acceptor substrate.
- 18. (withdrawn) The enzyme bioreactor of claim 17, wherein the Fuc-TVII enzyme is in solution.
- 19. (withdrawn) The enzyme bioreactor of claim 17, wherein the Fuc-TVII enzyme is immobilized on a solid phase matrix.
- 20. (withdrawn) The enzyme bioreactor of claim 17, wherein the Fuc-TVII enzyme is a recombinant enzyme.
- 21. (withdrawn) The enzyme bioreactor of claim 20, wherein the Fuc-TVII enzyme is produced in a mammalian host cell.
- 22. (withdrawn) The enzyme bioreactor of claim 20, wherein the Fuc-TVII enzyme is produced in a baculovirus host.
- 23. (withdrawn) The enzyme bioreactor of claim 17, wherein the sialyl-N-acetyl-lactosamine acceptor is on a glycoprotein.
- 24. (withdrawn) The enzyme bioreactor of claim 17, wherein the sialyl-N-acetyl-lactosamine acceptor is on a glycolipid.

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- 25. (withdrawn) The enzyme bioreactor of claim 17, wherein the sialyl-N-acetyl-lactosamine acceptor is a free oligosaccharide.
- 26. (withdrawn) The enzyme bioreactor of claim 17, wherein the Fuc-TVII enzyme comprises a catalytic domain that is encoded by a nucleic acid segment amplified by a 5' primer as shown in SEQ ID NO:3 and a 3' primer as shown in SEQ ID NO:4.
- 27. (currently amended) A method of preparing a sialyl Lewis x determinant, the method comprising contacting a murine Fuc-TVII enzyme with a GDP-fucose donor substrate and a sialyl-N-acetyl-lactosamine acceptor substrate in an enzyme bioreactor under conditions that allow the addition of an α1,3 linked fucose to the sialyl-N-acetyl-lactosamine acceptor substrate, wherein the murine Fuc-TVII enzyme comprises a catalytic domain that is encoded by a nucleic acid sequence segment that is identical to a polynucleotide that is amplified using murine mRNA or cDNA as a template by a 5' primer as shown in SEQ ID NO:3 and a 3' primer as shown in SEQ ID NO:4.
- 28. (withdrawn) The method of claim 27, wherein the Fuc-TVII enzyme is in solution
- 29. (withdrawn) The method of claim 27, wherein the Fuc-TVII enzyme is immobilized on a solid phase matrix.
- 30. (withdrawn) The method of claim 27, wherein the Fuc-TVII enzyme is a recombinant enzyme.
- 31. (withdrawn) The method of claim 20, wherein the Fuc-TVII enzyme is produced in a mammalian host cell.
- 32. (withdrawn) The method of claim 20, wherein the Fuc-TVII enzyme is produced in a baculovirus host.

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- 33. (withdrawn) The method of claim 27, wherein the sialyl-N-acetyl-lactosamine acceptor is on a glycoprotein.
- 34. (withdrawn) The method of claim 27, wherein the sialyl-N-acetyl-lactosamine acceptor is on a glycolipid.
- 35. (withdrawn) The method of claim 27, wherein the sialyl-N-acetyllactosamine acceptor is a free oligosaccharide.

36. (canceled)

- 37. (currently amended) A murine Fuc-TVII enzyme comprising a catalytic domain that is encoded by a nucleic acid sequence segment that is identical to a polynucleotide that is amplified using murine mRNA or cDNA as a template by a 5' primer as shown in SEQ ID NO:3 and a 3' primer as shown in SEQ ID NO:4.
- 38. (previously presented) The murine Fuc-TVII enzyme of claim 37, wherein the catalytic domain is encoded by a nucleic acid segment consisting of residue 2194 to residue 3085 of SEO ID NO: 1.